All who accept the gospel by faith are justified before the Father.

KEY DOCTRINE: Man

By his free choice man sinned against God and brought Sin into the human race (1 John 1:8-10).

UNDERSTAND THE CONTEXT – Rom. 3:21-4:25

- God's righteousness is available to all who believe.
 - God will justify them through faith (Rom. 3:22).
 - There is no distinction in our sinful state (Rom. 3:23).
 - Righteousness is achieved by God's grace through His redemption of us through Jesus Christ (Rom. 3:24).
 - Jesus was offered as atonement for our sins demonstrating God's righteous dealing with sin (Rom. 3:25-26).
 - Paul established that God is God of Jews and Gentiles.
 - God would justify both of them through faith.

UNDERSTAND THE CONTEXT – Rom. 3:21-4:25

- We are all sinners justified by faith.
- Paul questioned if faith nullified the law.
- His answer was no.
- Paul concluded using Abraham as an example of justification by faith.
- Paul ended by reminding us that faith is counted as righteousness for those who believe (Rom. 4:24)

- **Through Faith** (Rom. 3:21-24)
 - Paul uses **but now** to reference the previous verse 21.
 - No one can keep the law perfectly.
 - No one lives a life worthy of God's righteousness.
 - The law made known the presence of sin.
 - Apart from (or without) the law the righteousness of God has been made known
 - ➤ **Righteous of God** God's saving activity in and through the life, death and resurrection of Jesus Christ

- Through Faith (Rom. 3:21-24)
 - God's righteousness made known to all believers without. complying to the regulations of the law (Matt. 5:17-20).
 - The Law and the Prophets (the Old Testament) bears witness to God's righteousness.
 - Right standing (righteousness) before God not accomplished by our own efforts under the law.
 - It's only accomplished through our faith in God's righteousness, Jesus Christ.

- **Through Faith** (Rom. 3:21-24)
 - The Old Testament attests to God's action in providing righteousness.
 - In verse 22, Paul says This righteousness is given through faith in Jesus Christ.
 - > Jesus if the object of our (believer's) faith.
 - The righteousness of God was revealed through the faithfulness of Jesus to the Father.

- Through Faith (Rom. 3:21-24)
 - The righteousness of God revealed through our faith in Jesus Christ, our Savior.
 - It's for all who believe.
 - Paul emphasized there is no difference (or distinction) between Jew and Gentile because of the sinful state of all people.
 - Paul described their sinful relationship in verse 23.

- Through Faith (Rom. 21-24)
 - Paul said all have sinned, all are guilty and stand under God's judgment.
 - They all fall short of the glory of God, the glory they were created to enjoy in the beginning (Gen. 1:26).
 - Paul pointed out in verse 24 that all are justified freely by His grace.
 - ➤ **Justified** God's act of declaring us not guilty for our sins.

- Through Faith (Rom. 3:21-24)
 - We deserve God's judgment because of our sinful nature.
 - God declared us justified (not guilty) for our sins through Jesus Christ, our Lord.
 - This was done **freely by God's "grace"** His unmerited love for something we could not attain on our own merit or effort.

- **Through Faith** (Rom. 3:21-24)
 - Paul said our justification came through the redemption that came by Christ Jesus.
 - Redemption to purchase back something that had been lost by the payment of a ransom.
 - Paul put Christ before Jesus to emphasize His authority as the Messiah, the Chosen One.
 - Jesus fully paid the ransom for our sins with His life.
 - What word or phrase in verse 24 stands out most to you?

- **In Jesus** (Rom. 3:25-26)
 - Paul's main point: God presented Christ as a sacrifice of atonement.
 - **God initiated the entire process of redemption.**
 - Sacrifice of Atonement appears one other time in the New Testament (Heb. 9:5) referring to the covering on the Ark of the Covenant where the high priest sprinkled the blood of a goat on it during the Day of Atonement.

- **In Jesus** (Rom. 3:25-26)
 - This covering was the mercy seat where God accomplished the atonement for the people's sins.
 - Christ as the atoning sacrifice for our sins on the cross.
 - Sprinkling of the goat's blood was done behind the curtain of the Holy of Holies, but God did Christ's sacrifice public.
 - Through the shedding of His blood on the cross, we benefit through our faith in Him.

- **In Jesus** (Rom. 3:25-26)
 - Paul said God did this to demonstrate His righteousness
 - **Demonstrate** means to prove or to show.
 - We can see God's righteousness at work in the cross.
 - The reason why God demonstrated His righteousness was because in His forbearance (His restraint) He had left the sins committed beforehand unpunished.
 - Those sins committed beforehand were those committed before Jesus' death on the cross.

- **In Jesus** (Rom. 3:25-26)
 - God's restraint allowed people to experience the kindness of God that leads to repentance (Rom. 2:4)
 - Jesus' sacrifice of atonement demonstrates the righteousness of God in this present time.
 - God justifies, declares righteous, those who have faith in Jesus. Our righteousness is secure in Christ.
 - How would you explain Jesus' atoning sacrifice for our sins to a person who is not a believer?

- For All People (Rom. 3:27-31)
 - Paul addresses the subject of **boasting** in defense of being justified by faith
 - > All boasting is not bad.
 - In Rom. 5:2 Paul said we boast in the hope and glory of God. This is good boasting.
 - To boast of your right standing with God is excluded.

- For All People (Rom. 3:27-31)
 - Paul's use of the word law here, in this case, is believed to mean "principle".
 - He compares the principle of works to the principle of faith.
 - His point is the law of works and the law of faith opposes each other.
 - A law of faith precludes all boasting.
 - The law (or principle) that requires faith meant the only way a person could be justified before God was by faith.

- For All People (Rom. 3:27-31)
 - Paul ended verse 28 by reaffirming that a person could not be justified by **the works of the law** (Rom. 5:20).
 - Paul pointed out that God must be God of both Jews and Gentiles since God is one.
 - He concluded God would justify the Jews and Gentiles both by their faith.
 - He said the circumcised by faith and the uncircumcised through faith are justified through Christ's atonement.

- For All People (Rom. 3:27-31)
 - Paul asked Do we, then nullify the law by this faith?"
 - His answer was Not at all!.
 - Paul said we are to uphold the law.
 - The requirement of the law is fulfilled by those who walk by the spirit and not by the flesh (Rom. 8:3-4).
 - How does salvation being offered to all impact how believers should relate to other people?

- Including Abraham (Rom. 4:1-3)
 - Paul used Abraham as an example of being justified by faith.
 - He questioned them asking, What then shall we say that Abraham our forefather according to the flesh, discovered in this matter?
 - Abraham demonstrated that justification came by faith.
 - Abraham was esteemed for his relationship with God.
 - Paul said If, in fact, Abraham was justified by works, he had something to boast about, but not before God.

- Including Abraham (Rom. 4:1-3)
 - Paul still making comparison between justification by faith and justification by works.
 - The same God that justified Abraham by faith is the same God who justified the Gentiles and Jews by faith.
 - Paul used Gen. 15:6 for his support, Abraham believed God, and it was credited to him as righteousness
 - This is the first time the word believe is used in the Bible and it's connected with righteousness.

- ➤ Including Abraham (Rom. 4:1-3)
 - Credited is a business term meaning to apply or add to one's account.
 - Abraham deposited his belief in God's Words and was obedient to Him.
 - God recorded that faith as a credit to his account.
 - Abraham's debt was paid in full by his faith in God just as ours is paid through our faith in Christ.
 - How does the faith of Abraham compare to the faith required of believers today?

IN MY CONTEXT

- ➤ God gives salvation freely to anyone who places their faith in Jesus.
- God declares those who place their faith in Jesus to be righteous.
- Since all are saved through faith in Jesus, boasting is excluded.
- Faith is the only path to God.

Closing Remarks

Acknowledge Visitors

Next Sunday's Lesson: "AT PEACE"